WEN DEEP SIX ANTI-FOAM 4X1 CASE

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PRODUCT NAME: WEN DEEP SIX ANTI-FOAM 4X1 CASE PRODUCT CODE: FLCCDEWXWEN-DEEP-1

EMERGENCY PHONE : 800-228-5635 x059 DATE REVISED : 8/8/2008 INFORMATION PHONE : 800-929-2141 NAME OF PREPARER : C. WERNER, CHEMIST

====== SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/SARA III INFORMATION ======== VAPOR PRESSURE WEIGHT REPORTABLE COMPONENTS CAS NUMBER mm Hg @ TEMP PERCENT

*** NO REPORTABLE QUANTITIES OF HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS ARE PRESENT ***

*** No toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372 are present. ***

This product may contain chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

BOILING POINT: 212 DEG F SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 1. VAPOR DENSITY: HEAVIER THAN AIR EVAPORATION RATE: SLOWER THAN ETHER SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Complete pH: 6.0 - 8.5 APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Liquid, non-viscous, faint sweet odor. FLASH POINT: NONE METHOD USED: COC FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME- LOWER: N/A UPPER: N/A EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM, CO2, DRY CHEMICAL, WATER FOG SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES Fire fighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Use water spray to cool

nearby containers and structures exposed to fire.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Inhalation risks for this product are considered to be minimal.

SKIN AND EYE CONTACT HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

EYES - Liquid and mists will irritate and may burn the eyes. SKIN - No irritation is likely after brief contact but may be irritating after prolonged contact.

SKIN ABSORPTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Skin absorption risks unknown.

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INGESTION HEALTH RISKS AND SYMPTOMS OF EXPOSURE

Swallowing large quantities may cause nausea and vomiting.

HEALTH HAZARDS (ACUTE AND CHRONIC) CHRONIC - No specific information available.

CARCINOGENICITY: NTP CARCINOGEN: No IARC MONOGRAPHS: No OSHA REGULATED: No

The components of this product are not considered to be carcinogens by the National Toxicology Program, the International Agency for Research on Cancer, or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None reported.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

INHALATION - Remove to fresh air. Give artificial respiration if not breathing. EYES - Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open. Get medical attention. SKIN - Immediately wash skin with lots of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing & shoes. Get medical attention. INGESTION - If conscious, drink 2 glasses of water. Consult a physician or poison control center immediately. Treat symptomatically. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

For small spills dilute with water, mop or wipe up and contain. For large spills, contain by diking with absorbant material. Keep material out of sewers, storm drains, surface waters, and soil.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Comply with all applicable governmental regulations on spill reporting, handling and disposal of waste. Dispose of contaminated product and materials used in clean up in a manner approved for this material and the contaminant. Consult appropriate Federal, State and Local regulatory agencies to ascertain proper disposal procedures and comply with them.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING

Store in a dry, well ventilated place away from incompatible materials. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Store at temperatures above the solutions freezing point to remain liquid. Do not use pressure to empty container.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS

Empty containers usually still hold residues of material and vapors. These must be considered hazardous and disposed of in accordance with proper handling procedures prescribed for hazardous chemicals. When mixing with water, always add this product to water and stir.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

In the absence of adequate ventilation an approved respirator may be required.

VENTILATION

Be sure to provide adequate ventilation in all working areas at all time. In general, health problems could result from repeated and prolonged exposureto chemical vapors.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

None required with normal use.

EYE PROTECTION

None required under normal use conditions. Eye protection required if used overhead or misting or spraying.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT

Where gross eye and skin contact may occur use and wear appropriate clothing, rubber boots with pants on the outside, and rubber gloves.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES

Standard hygienic practices must be observed when handling all chemicals.

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of information from all sources to assure proper use of these materials and for the safety and health of employees.